**The Great Depression and the New Deal**

**SS.912.A.5.11 Examine causes, course, and consequences of the Great Depression and the New Deal.**

**Key Terms**:

Stock market, speculation, bank run, Black Tuesday, Hawley-Smoot Tariff, Dust Bowl, relief, the “Bonus Army,” Herbert Hoover, Franklin Delano Roosevelt, New Deal, “fireside chats,” Agricultural Adjustment Act (AAA), Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC), Works Progress Administration (WPA), Wagner Act, Social Security, Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA)

**Review Questions**

1. What investment decisions destabilized the economy during the 1920s?
2. How did the failure of the stock market contribute to a larger economic decline?
3. What were three existing economic conditions that contributed to the Great Depression?
4. What changes to daily life occurred for people affected by the economic hardships of the Great Depression?
5. How did the Depression influence culture?
6. What two major strategies did President Hoover use to promote economic recovery?
7. Between 1931 and 1932, what federal government programs and acts were created to promote economic recovery, and what was each intended to do?
8. What characteristics did Franklin Roosevelt have that made him popular with Americans?
9. What were the key accomplishments during Roosevelt’s first hundred days in office?
10. How did the government restore confidence in the banking system?
11. How was the Agricultural Adjustment Act intended to stabilize the agricultural industry?
12. How did the relief programs help combat the Great Depression?
13. What factors encouraged Roosevelt to introduce the Second New Deal?
14. What were some benefits of the Wagner Act and the Social Security Act for the American public?
15. What factors helped Roosevelt win a landslide victory in 1936?
16. How did the New Deal change how government worked?